Vascular Plants of Williamson County Panicum coloratum – KLEINGRASS [Poaceae]

Panicum coloratum L., KLEINGRASS. Perennial herb, with knotty rhizomes, fibrousrooted, many-stemmed at base, not rosetted, cespitose, not branching above base, decumbent with erect inflorescences, < 50 - 135 cm tall; shoots with to 2 basal leaves and to 6 cauline leaves, unbranched from base or after flowering forming flowering branches downward; rhizome with short internodes 1–1.5 mm long. **Stems:** cylindric, to 3.5 mm diameter, somewhat bent at lower nodes (geniculate), nodes or internode just above node often purple-red, node glabrous to puberulent, internodes to 140 mm long, glabrous; internodes hollow. Leaves: alternate distichous, sessile with sheath; prophyll strongly folded and conspicuously 2-keeled, to 85 mm long, 3 mm diameter folded, the keel winged and minutely scabrous, the folded margins 2.5 mm wide green-striped with a membranous margin, between keels colorless with parallel veins; sheath open, rounded on back, 1/2–2/3 internode, of basal leaves conspicuously pilose next to rhizome, without lobes (auricles) at top; ligule membranous ciliate, mostly 0.8–1.6 mm long (of flag leaf shorter); collar shorthairy behind ligule, on margins of flag leaf and sometimes the uppermost sheath often having several straight hairs to 6 mm long with enlarged bases; blade linear long-tapered to tip, $< 90-390 \times 4-9.5$ mm, the widest 50+ mm above ligule, minutely toothed on margins not scabrous, parallel-veined, upper surface low-ridged and sometimes somewhat glaucous especially near ligule and midrib white, lower surface glabrous or with minute hairs along veins below midblade. Inflorescence: spikelets, in terminal, open panicle, panicle ovoid, fully spreading to 250 × 300 mm, with 4 orders of mostly alternate and less commonly 2 (rarely pseudowhorled), widely spreading to ascending lateral branches, nodes 6–12+ along rachis, primary branches to 200 mm long decreasing upward, with to 7 alternate secondary branches decreasing in length upward, ultimate branches on secondary branches mostly 2 per node and unequal, each with 2 spikelets, ± upward appressed to secondary branch axes, spikelet of 2 florets with upper one bisexual and chasmogamous opening first and lower one staminate and cleistogamous or opening after upper floret is pollinated, bracteate, glabrous, lacking awns; peduncle 150+ mm long; branch and branchlet axes slender, minutely scabrous, primary and secondary branches with axillary pulvinus, branchlet lacking axillary pulvinus, stalk of spikelet 0.5–3(–5) mm long. **Spikelet:** lower floret staminate and upper floret bisexual, in bud lanceoloid, $2.4-3.5 \times 0.5$ mm aging ovoid and 0.75–1.1 mm wide with anthers and in fruit, breaking below the glumes as 1 unit then below glossy upper floret; glumes 2, unequal, lower glume deltate-ovate, ca. 1.2 mm long, shorter than to midpoint, encircling at base, acute at tip, midvein conspicuous, raised, minutely scabrous, and often purple approaching tip, to 5-veined but minor veins inconspicuous and if visible not extending above midpoint and not raised, upper glume ovate, ca. 2.7 mm long, 7-veined, the veins raised and green, colorless between veins and purple approaching tip and on narrow membranous margins, middle 3 veins minutely scabrous above midpoint, Lower floret lemma (staminate) like upper glume, ca. 2.5×2 mm, upper glume 0.2–0.3 mm > lower lemma, 7-veined or 9-veined with green veins and colorless between veins, veins converging at tip, with minute hairs at tip, palea 2-keeled and 2-veined, $1.8-2 \times 0.7-1$ mm (folded), colorless, notched at tip. Upper floret lemma (bisexual) ovate, 1.9–2.4 mm long, colorless, finely 7-veined, rounded and smooth on

back; palea ovate without keels, ca. 1.5 mm long, colorless and lacking veins. Staminate flower: perianth (lodicules) 2, fan-shaped folded, 0.3–0.35 mm long, colorless; stamens 3, free; filaments threadlike, to 0.7 mm long, colorless; anthers included or partially exserted from gapping lemma and palea, dorsifixed, dithecal, 1.2–1.5 mm long, orange to dark orange or red-orange, longitudinally dehiscent or indehiscent; pollen light orange; pistil absent. Bisexual flower: perianth (lodicules) 2, fan-shaped folded, 0.3–0.35 mm long, colorless; stamens 3, free; filaments threadlike, to 3 mm long, white; anthers fully exserted from gapping lemma and palea, dorsifixed, dithecal, 1.2–1.5 mm long, orange to dark orange or red-orange, longitudinally dehiscent; pollen light orange; pistil 1; ovary superior, ellipsoid, 0.5×0.25 mm, translucent, 1-chambered with 1 ovule; styles 2, ca. 3 mm long, lower 2 mm colorless, exserted stigmatic portion spreading to ascending, bottlebrushlike, ca. 1 mm long, red-purple. Fruit: achene (caryopsis), tightly enclosed in hard-walled lemma and palea, lacking rachilla, floret ellipsoid slightly compressed frontto-back, $1.9-2.4 \times 0.8-1$ mm, glossy brown with lighter fine lines on lemma (veins), actually mottled with minute purple-red streaks, roundish at base and acute at tip, lemma surface smooth, palea face with overlapping margins of lemma; achene fitting tightly within bractlets, having a thin, weakly pigmented wall. A. C. Gibson